



Z Fundamental Science Program Workshop: Welcome & Introduction

Daniel Sinars, Director, Pulsed Power Sciences Center
Z Fundamental Science Workshop 8/3/2020



Sandia National Laboratories is a multimission laboratory managed and operated by National Technology and Engineering Solutions of Sandia LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Honeywell International Inc. for the U.S. Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-NA0003525.

I'd like to extend a warm virtual welcome to all of you!



- This year we were faced with choosing the lesser of two evils...
 - Not having a workshop at all, or...
 - Having a virtual workshop without the pleasure of face to face interactions, meeting new people, and forging new scientific partnerships.

Despite the limitations of this format, we are very much looking forward to sharing our technical progress and the exchange of ideas

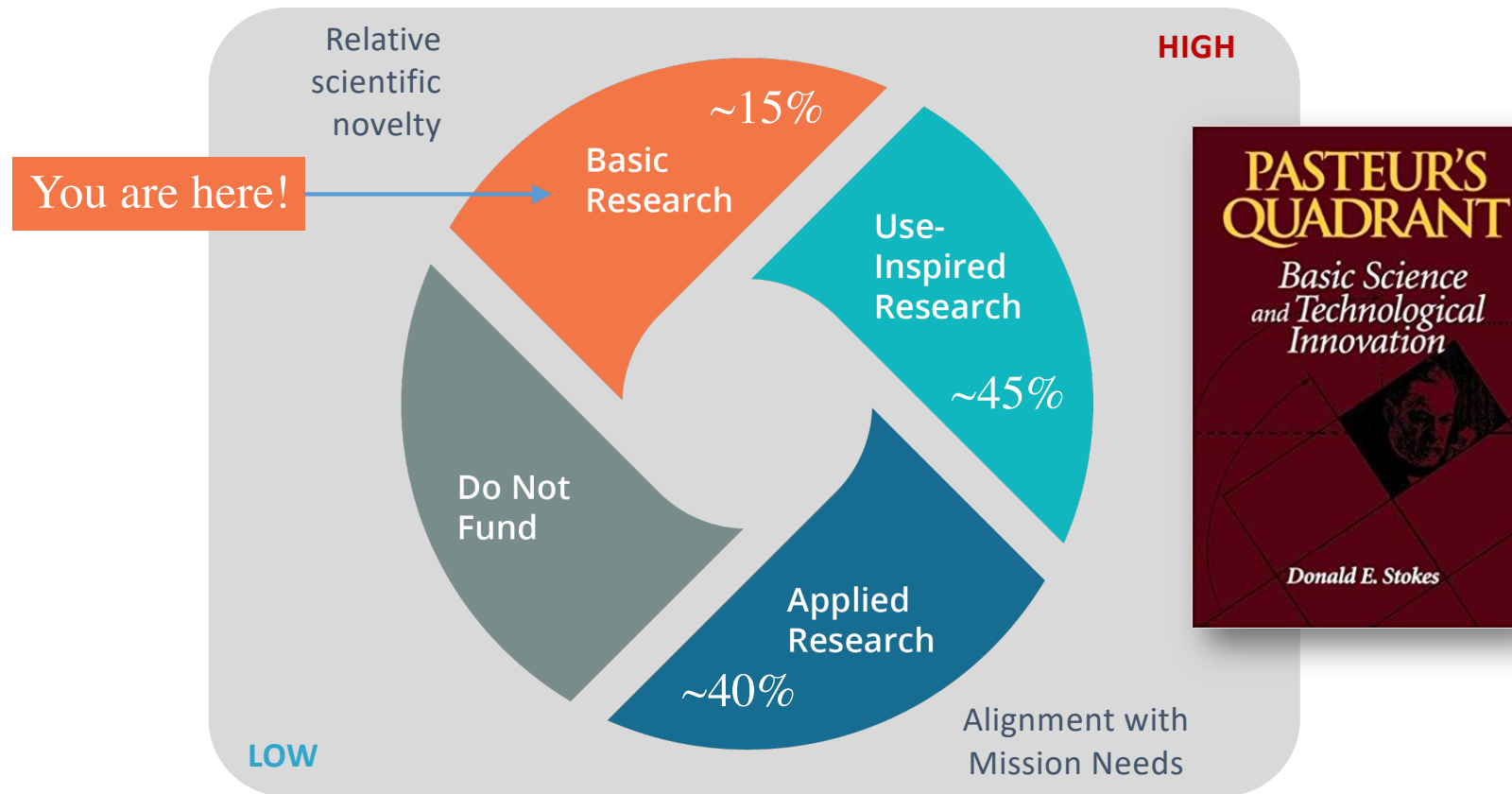


The Z Fundamental Science Program is a high priority for our work on the Z facility



Majority of Z research is “use-inspired”

Conducting open, novel science in the pursuit of applications benefiting the mission of the NNSA

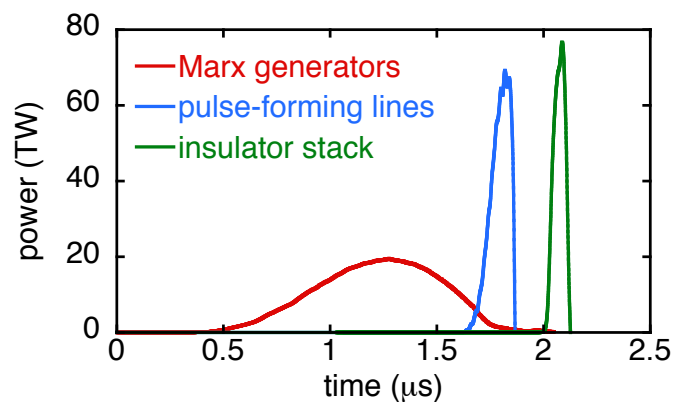
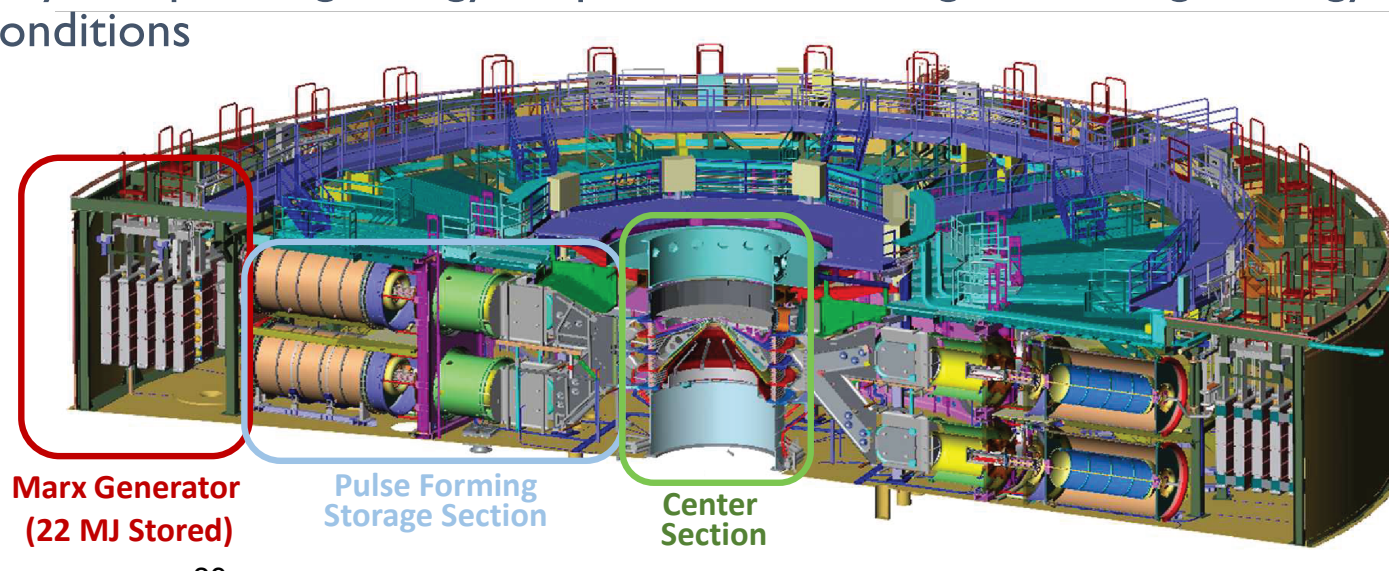


Basic

Use-Inspired

Applied

Z works by compressing energy in space and time to generate high energy density (HED) conditions



Z today couples several MJ out of 22 MJ stored to the load hardware region at the machine center.

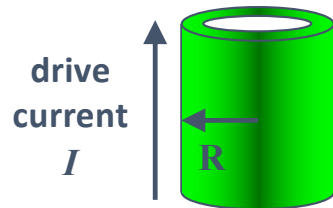
Z is an “Engine of Discovery” for stewardship and fundamental HED science

Pulsed power can generate ~100 Mbar drive pressures, which can be used to obtain even higher pressures such as those in inertial fusion



Magnetically Driven Implosion

$$P = \frac{B^2}{8\pi} = 105 \left(\frac{I_{MA}/26}{R_{mm}} \right)^2 \text{ MBar}$$



100 MBar at 26 MA and 1 mm

100 GPa = 1 Mbar $\approx 10^6$ atmospheres

Pressure equivalent to Energy Density (J/m^3)

$$1 \text{ Mbar} = 10^{11} \text{ J/m}^3$$

Z Storage capacitor



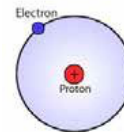
2e-6 Mbar

TNT



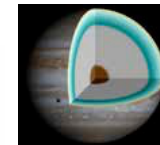
0.07 Mbar

Internal Energy of H atom



1 Mbar

Metallic H in Jupiter's core



30 Mbar

Z Magnetic Drive Pressure



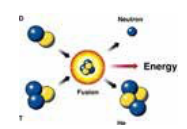
~100 Mbar

Center of Sun



250,000 Mbar

Burning ICF plasma

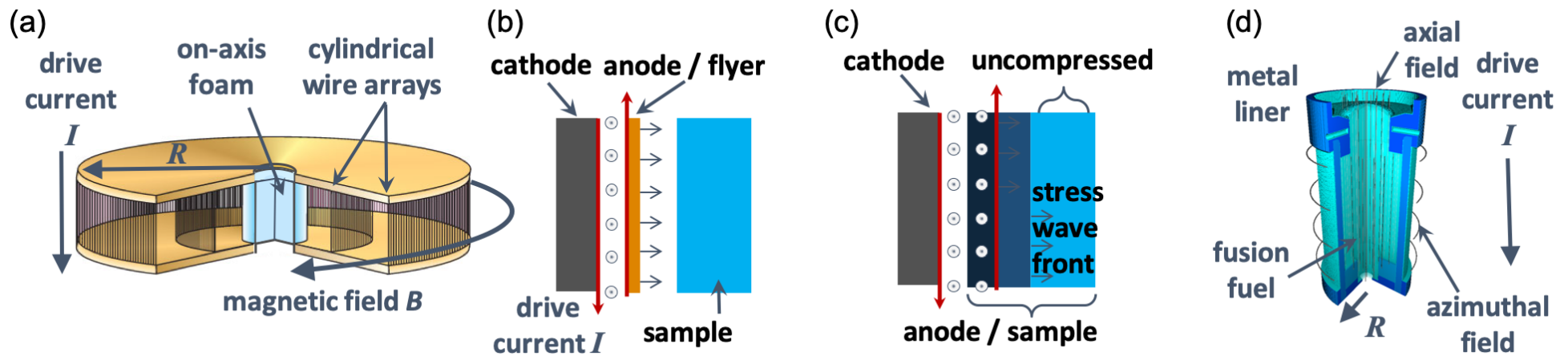


800,000 Mbar

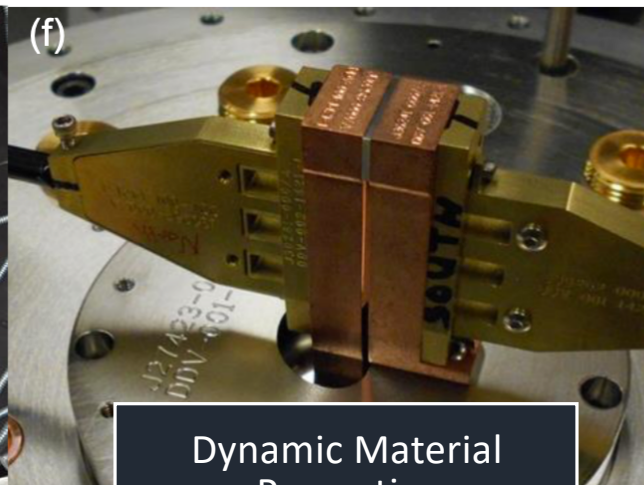
Push on samples

Compress fuel at high velocity

Z is a precision tool for high energy density science in three broad areas



Radiation Science

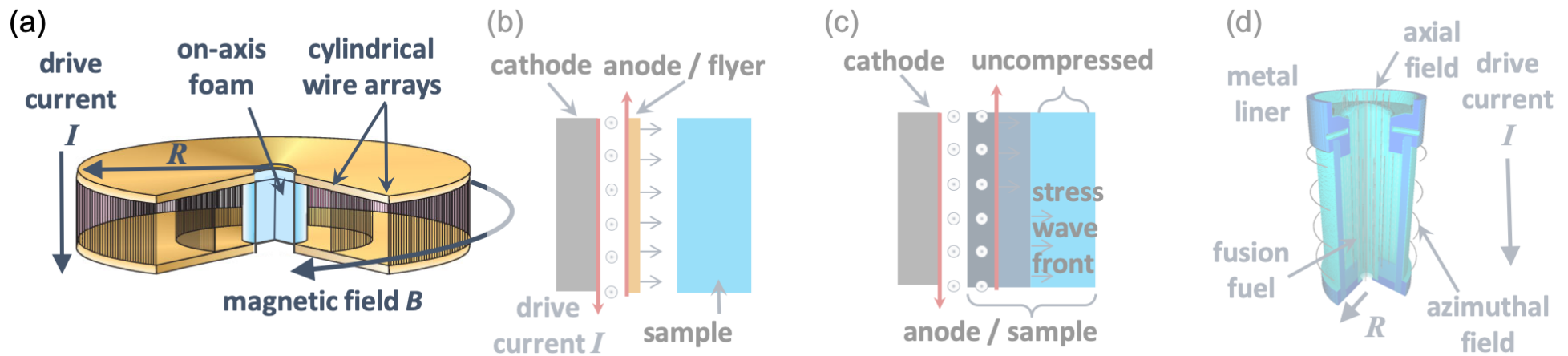


Dynamic Material Properties

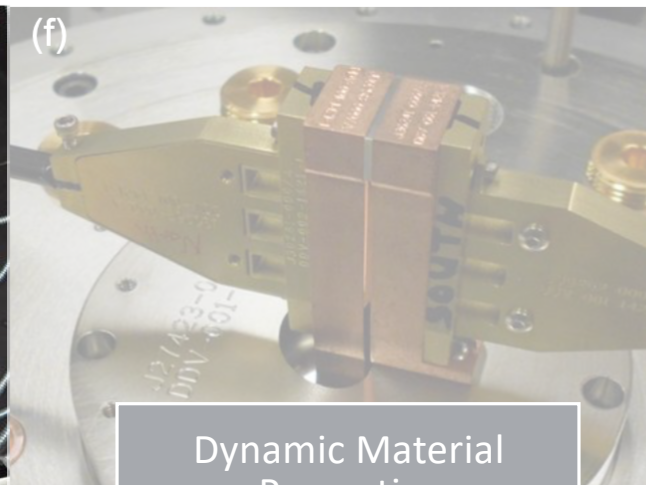


Inertial Confinement Fusion

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Radiation Science



Dynamic Material Properties

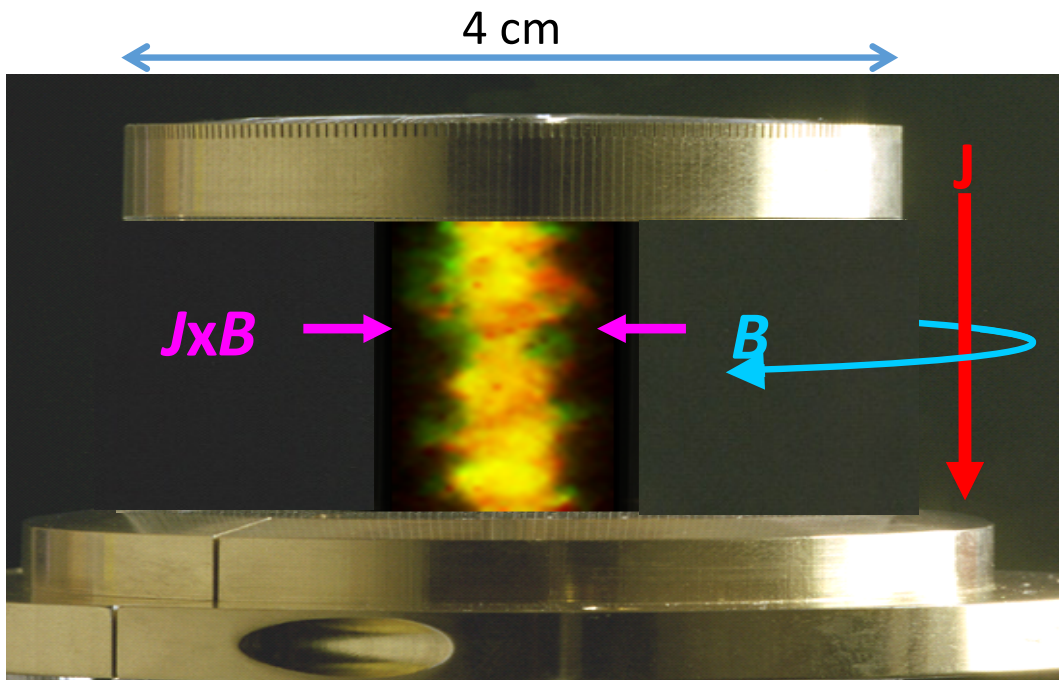


Inertial Confinement Fusion

The Z machine uses 26 mega-amperes of current to create >1 mega-joule of x rays



Basic



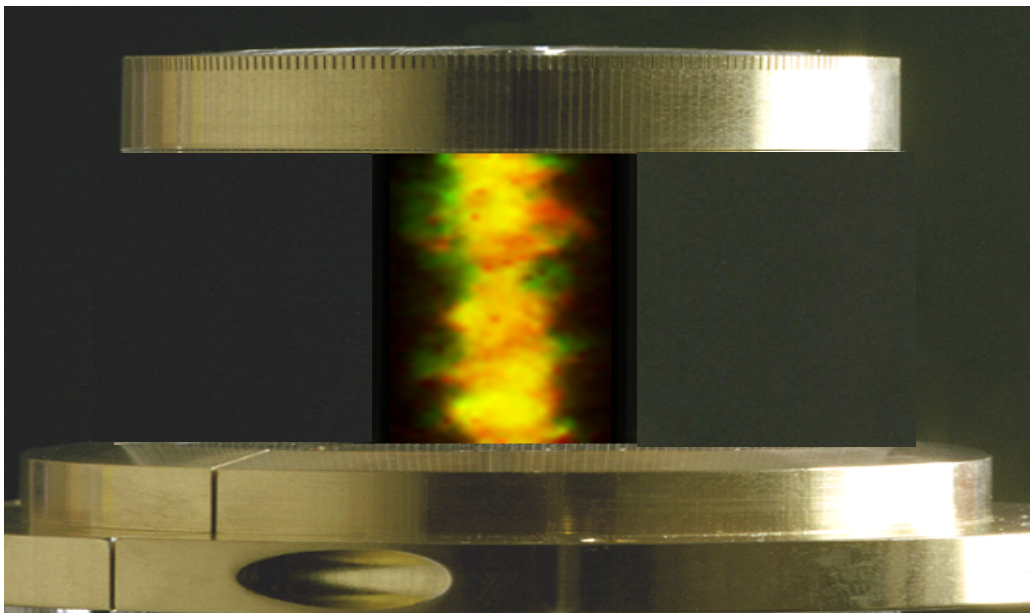
	ZR > 2011
Marx Energy	20.3 MJ
I _{peak}	25.8 MA (1.5%)
Peak Power	220 TW (10%)
Radiated Energy	1.6 MJ (7%)

Sanford *et al.*, *PoP* (2002); Bailey *et al.*, *PoP* (2006); Slutz *et al.*, *PoP* (2006); Rochau *et al.*, *PPCF* (2007); Rochau *et al.*, *PoP* (2014).

We collaborate with several institutions to do multiple radiation-driven basic science experiments on a single Z shot

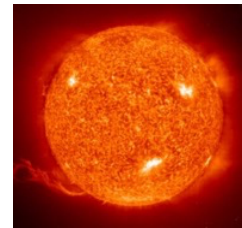


Basic



Partners: LLNL, LANL, University of Texas, Ohio State, West Virginia U., U. Nevada-Reno, CEA

Stellar opacity



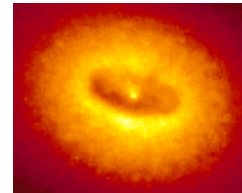
Question:

Why can't we predict the location of the convection zone boundary in the Sun?

Achieved Conditions:

$T_e \sim 200 \text{ eV}$, $n_e \sim 10^{23} \text{ cm}^{-3}$

Accretion disk



Question:

How does ionization and line formation occur in accreting objects?

Achieved Conditions:

$T_e \sim 20 \text{ eV}$, $n_e \sim 10^{18} \text{ cm}^{-3}$

White dwarf



Question:

Why doesn't spectral fitting provide the correct properties for White Dwarfs?

Achieved Conditions:

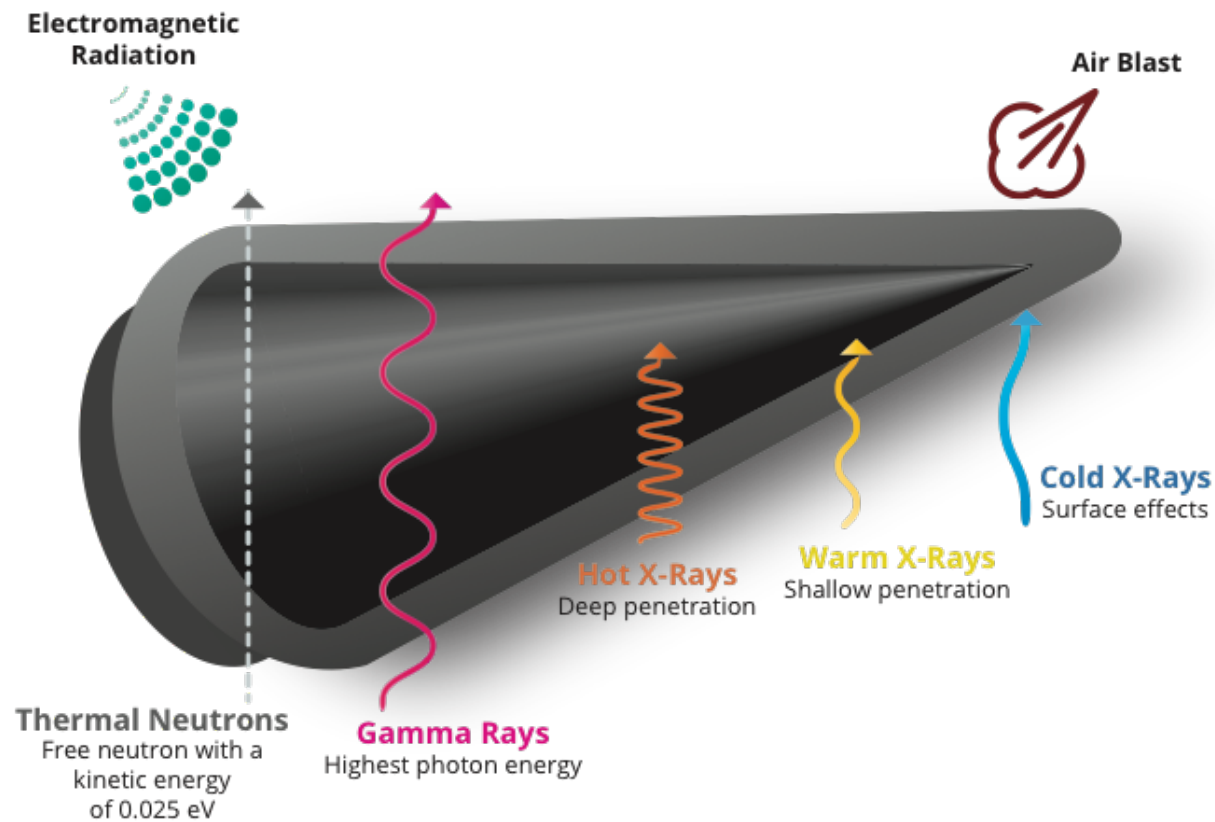
$T_e \sim 1 \text{ eV}$, $n_e \sim 10^{17} \text{ cm}^{-3}$

Sanford *et al.*, *PoP* (2002); Bailey *et al.*, *PoP* (2006); Slutz *et al.*, *PoP* (2006); Rochau *et al.*, *PPCF* (2007); Rochau *et al.*, *PoP* (2014).

A major mission focus for Sandia is assessing the effects of hostile environments on nuclear weapons systems



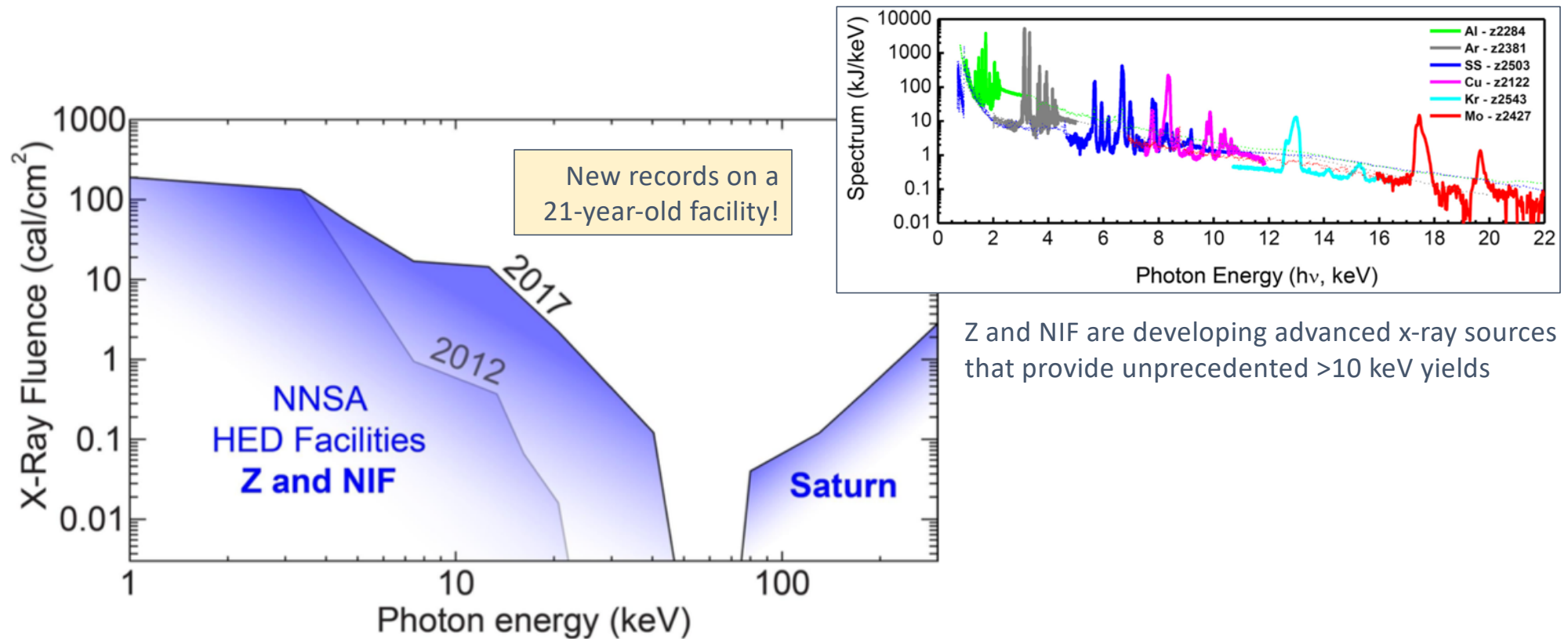
Applied



Sandia and Lawrence Livermore National Laboratories are collaborating to produce record levels of >10 keV X-rays using a variety of Z-pinch sources*



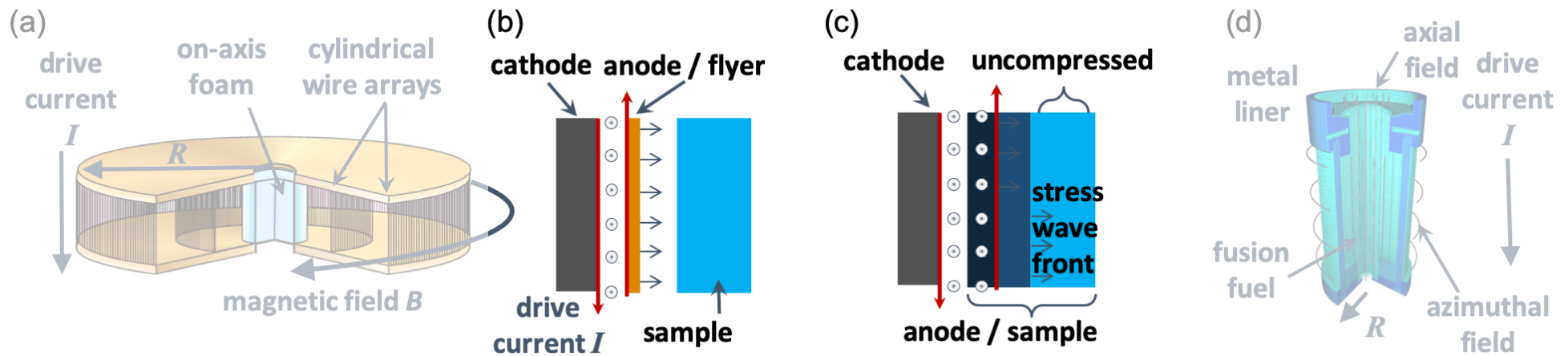
Applied



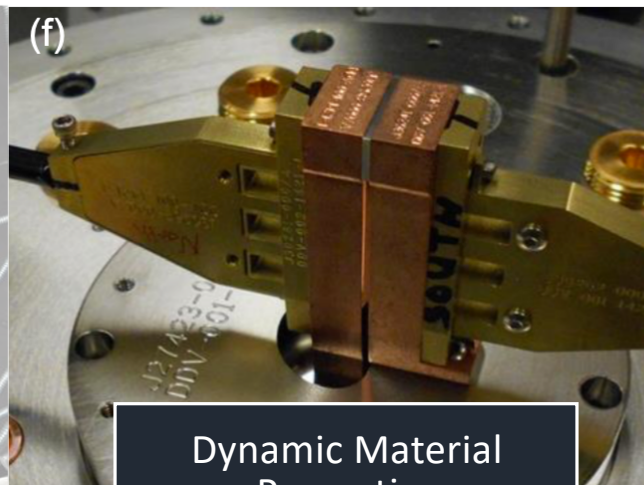
Z and NIF are developing advanced x-ray sources that provide unprecedented >10 keV yields

* D.J. Ampleford *et al.*, Phys. Plasmas 21, 056708 (2014).

Z is a precision tool for high energy density science in three broad areas



Radiation Science



Dynamic Material Properties



Inertial Confinement Fusion

We collaborate with several institutions to do a large number of basic and use-inspired dynamic materials experiments every year



Basic

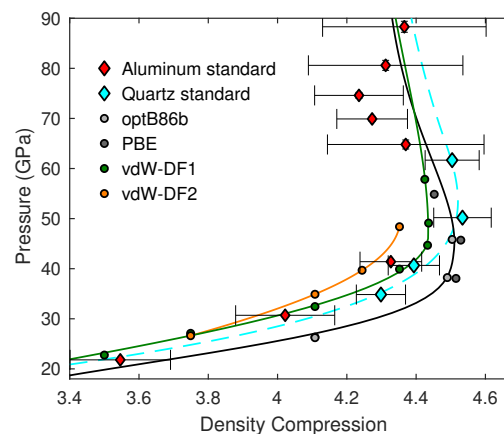
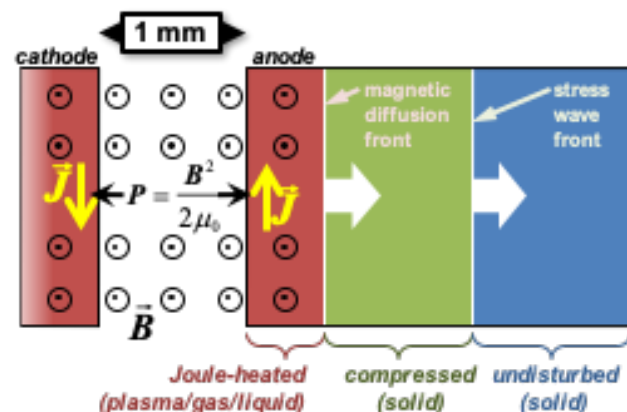
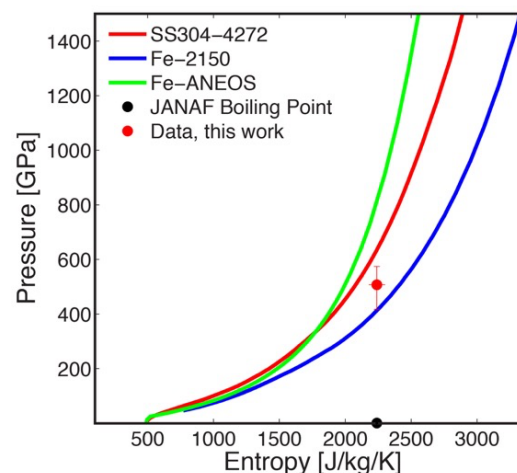
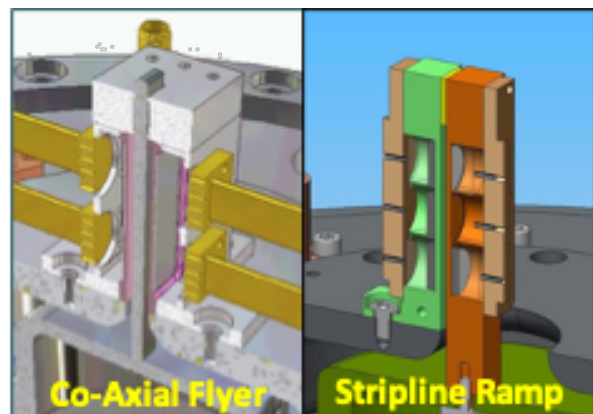
Question:

Would an iron meteor plow into a planet as a bullet, splatter as a drop of rain, or vaporize into a cloud and make iron rain?

Achieved Conditions:

One of the first determinations of the thermal state of an opaque material on the Hugoniot

Partners: Harvard, UC Davis, LLNL



Use-Inspired

Question:

How compressible is deuterium under high-pressure conditions? (Affects how easy it is to achieve ignition in the laboratory and planetary physics).

Achieved Conditions:

Unprecedented precision enabled discrimination between subtle differences in theoretical predictions

Sandia applies techniques and diagnostics matured on our use-inspired platforms to directly address mission needs in more challenging experiments



Applied

Z is a unique platform for dynamic materials research

- Large samples, high pressures, and relevant loading paths
- Containment capability allows us to field a wide range of hazardous materials without relying on surrogacy

Compared response of 5- and 52-year-old Pu samples to improve pit aging analysis for certification models

Conducted high-pressure uranium experiments on Z to benchmark LANL and LLNL EOS models

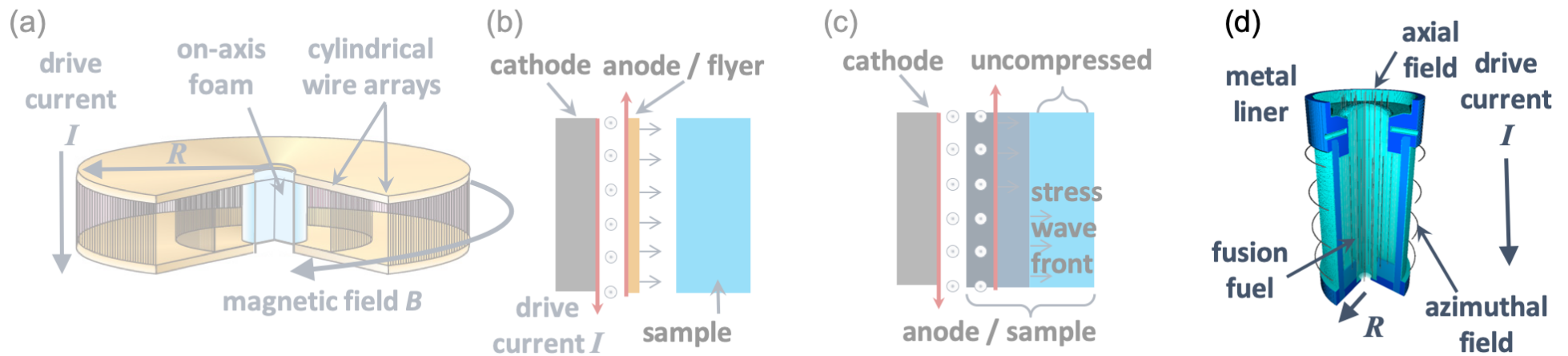
New capabilities are being developed over the next several years to extend our impact for mission work



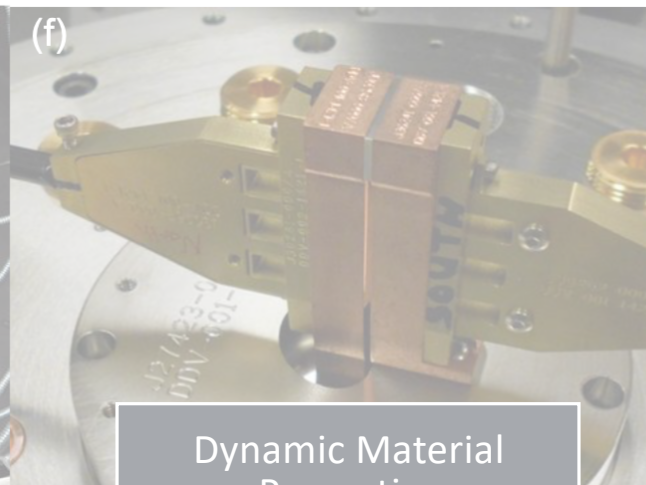
Partners: LANL, LLNL



Z is a precision tool for high energy density science in three broad areas



Radiation Science



Dynamic Material Properties



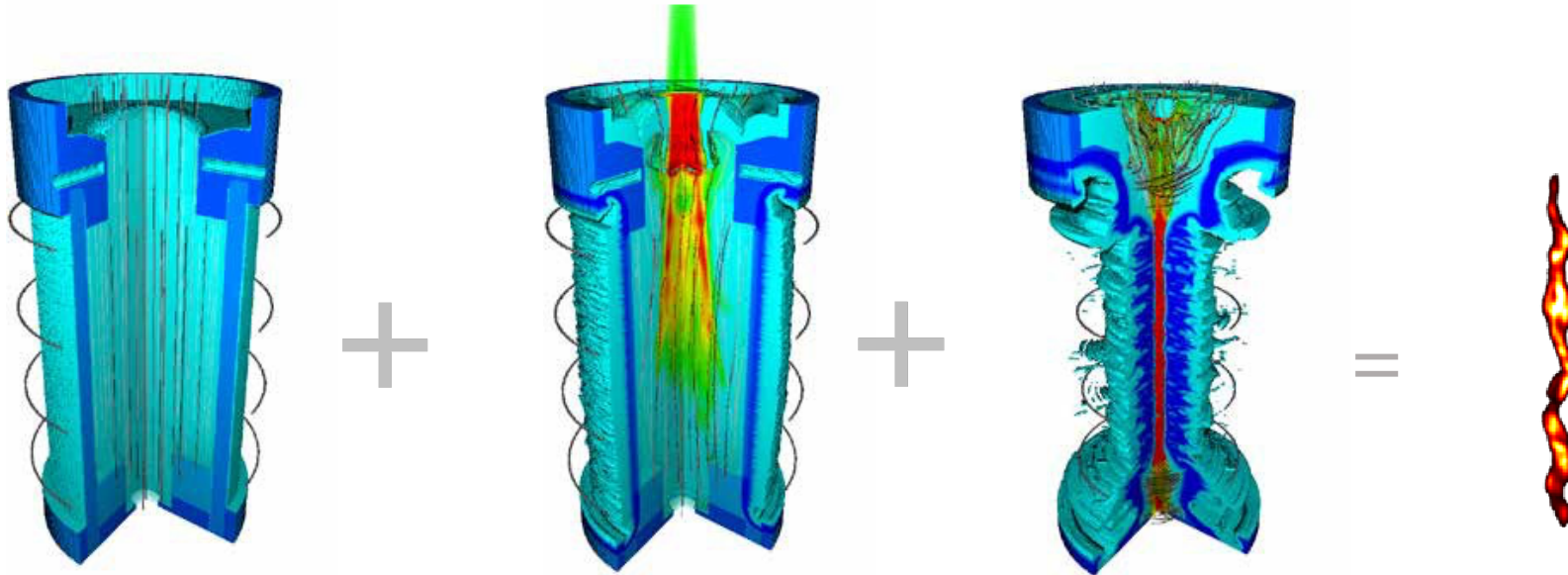
Inertial Confinement Fusion

MagLIF is a Magneto-Inertial Fusion (MIF) concept

Relies on three components to produce fusion conditions at stagnation



Use-Inspired



Magnetization

- Suppress radial thermal conduction losses
- Enable slow implosion with thick target walls

Preheat

- Ionize fuel to lock in B-field
- Increase adiabat to limit required convergence

Implosion

- PdV work to heat fuel
- Flux compression to amplify B-field

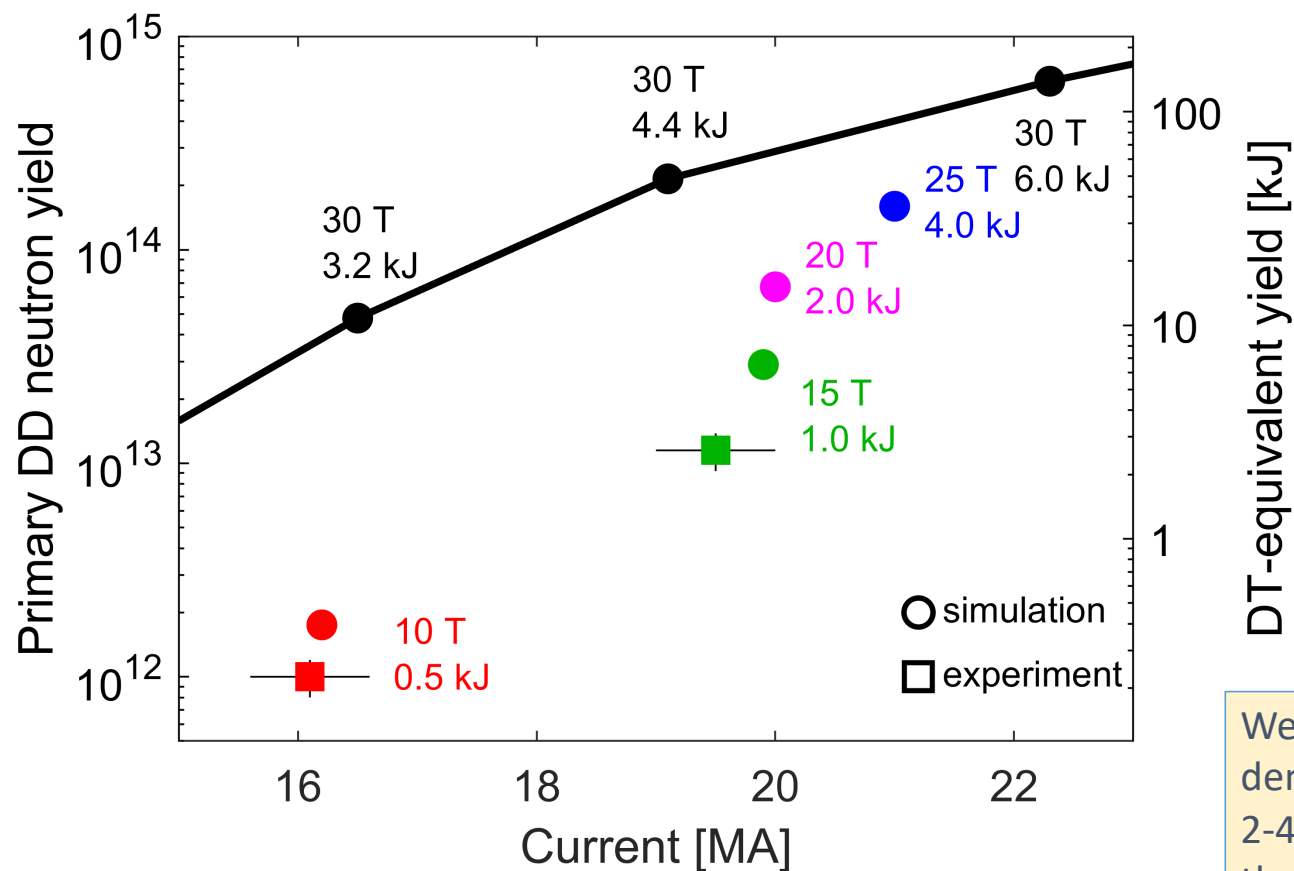
Stagnation

- Several keV temperatures
- Several kT B-field to trap charged fusion products

We will continue to test MagLIF scaling through further increases in magnetization, preheat, and drive current; 10s of kJ DT-equivalent yield possible in next 2 years



Use-Inspired



We are working to demonstrate 20-25 T, 2-4 kJ, 20-21 MA in the next 2 years

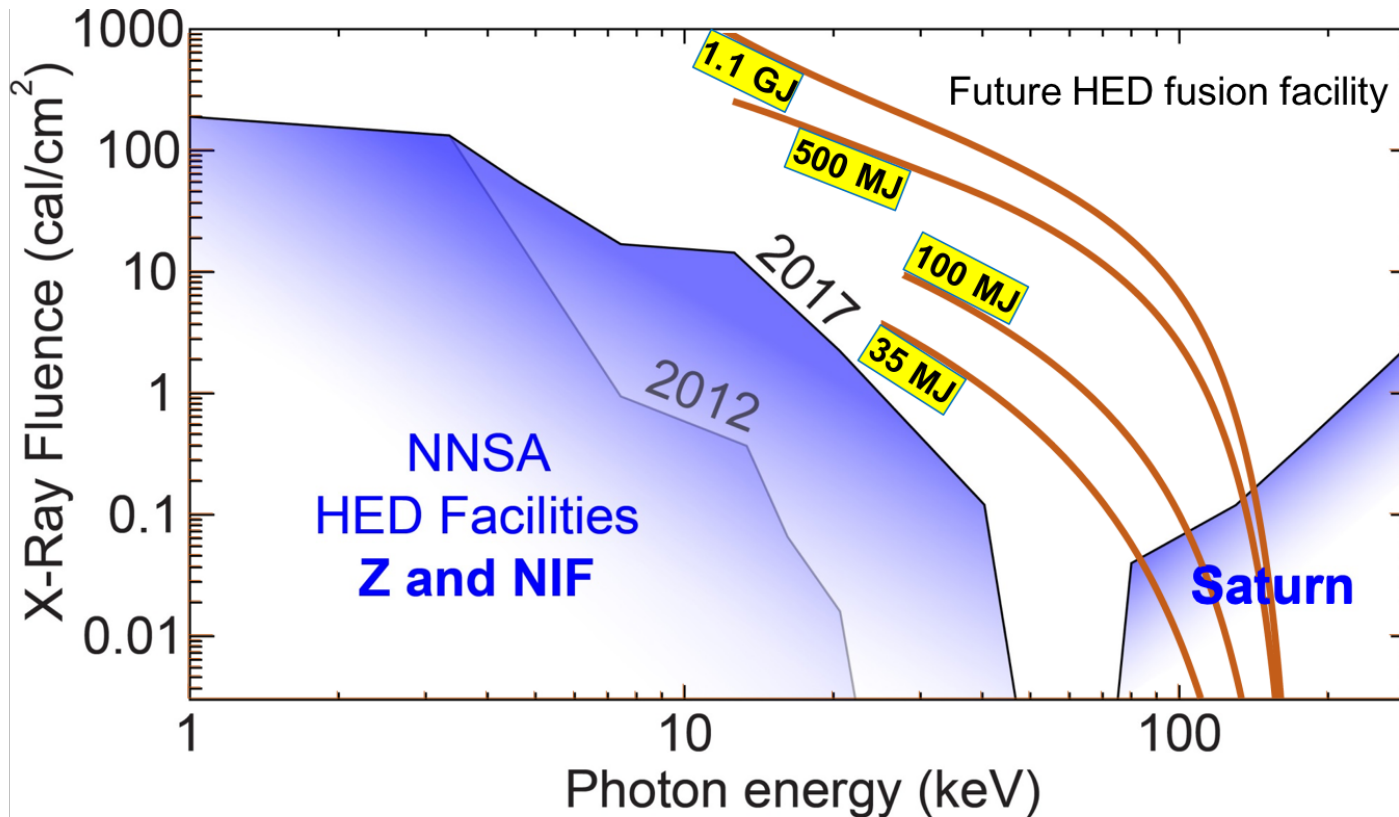
Fusion drives exciting fundamental and use-inspired science!
it is also intended as an enabling tool for stockpile stewardship applications



Applied

Yield	High Energy Density Science Applications
~0.01 MJ	• Interplay of thermonuclear fusion burn and mix • Nuclear physics data (reaction-in-flight, fission, and radiochemistry)
>0.1 MJ	• Transport of charged particles in plasmas • Threshold for fusion-fission physics
~few MJ	• Threshold for enabling complex mix physics studies. • Robust radiation and charged particle transport • Robust fusion-fission experiments
20-30 MJ	• Higher fidelity versions of the above experiments are possible • Neutron sources for outputs and environmental studies
>500 MJ	• Use of fusion targets to drive complex experiments • Use of fusion targets for material properties (EOS, opacity) research • Combined neutron and x-ray environments for outputs and effects studies

Future high yield fusion facilities would create hot plasmas that would provide even more powerful sources of 10-100 keV X-rays



Such a Z-pinch driver would also be capable of powerful radiation-only x-ray sources, and high-pressure dynamic materials experiments.



Basic

Use-Inspired

Applied

Sandia has proposed a next generation pulsed power facility to the NNSA

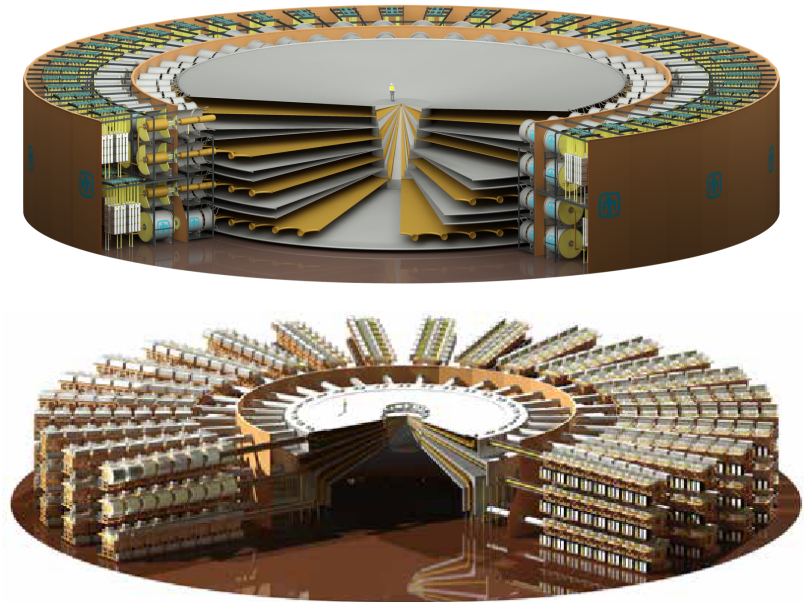


- **World's most powerful warm x-ray and fast fusion neutron source**
(hostile nuclear survivability)
- **Enabling capability for high energy density physics**
(nuclear explosive package certification)
- **It would attract and test tomorrow's stewards of pulsed power research**
- **It would provide a venue for scientific and technical innovation for national security**

Proposed project start date ~2025

Proposed project completion date ~2032

Z will celebrate ~35 years of z-pinch physics in 2030, with some parts of infrastructure ~45 years old.



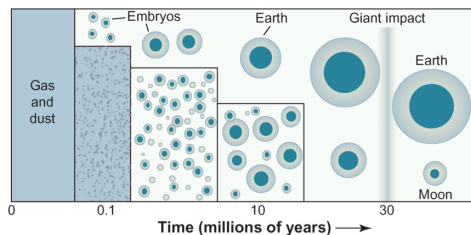
Sandia is evaluating pulsed power architectures

- ~3x diameter of Z today
- Delivers 800-1000 TW of electrical energy
- Couples ~10 MJ to fusion targets
- Requires new operations concepts to reduce manual labor and potential worker hazards

Sandia is trying to support a growing community of practice in pulsed power research on Z and smaller-scale facilities

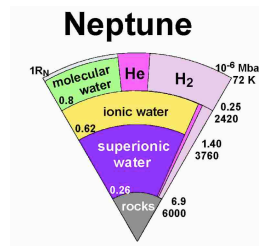


Z Fundamental Science Program



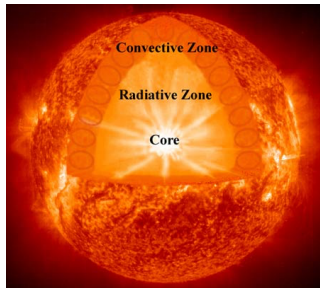
Earth and super earths

Properties of minerals and metals



Jovian Planets

Water and hydrogen



Stellar physics

Fe opacity and H spectra

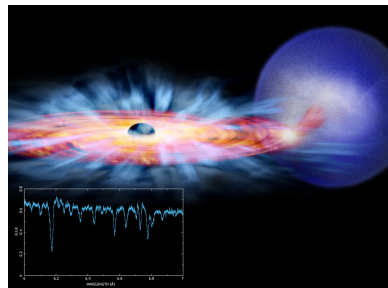


Photo-ionized plasmas

Range of ionization param. ξ

ZNetUS Community

- Intended to build upon success of the LaserNetUS consortium
- 1st workshop held January 6-8, 2020 at La Jolla Shores Hotel
- Hosted by Center for Energy Research at UCSD (Prof. Farhat Beg)
- Executive Committee and Charter formed
- Topics include
 - Pulsed power technology
 - Magneto-inertial fusion
 - Astrophysical plasmas and planetary science
 - MHD and hybrid code development
 - Magnetized HED

https://cer.ucsd.edu/news-events-articles/2020/ZNetUS_Workshop_2020.html

<https://www.sandia.gov/Pulsed-Power/workshop/2020.html>

Sandia is continuing to operate Z during the pandemic



- As a national security laboratory, Sandia has maintained continuous operations this year, including Z operations.
 - >50% of our staff are teleworking, including most of the scientists
 - We have implemented a number of processes to protect our on-site workforce
- Z was shut down for 2 weeks in July due to a positive case in the operations workforce, but resumed shot operations on Friday, July 31.
- Travel to Sandia requires prior approval, particularly if we wish to avoid a two-week quarantine prior to stepping foot on site.
- Travel by Sandia staff requires prior approval to avoid two-week quarantines upon returning to New Mexico, and is discouraged.

Questions?



- For a virtual tour of Z, see Z Machine: The People
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gDLGjQVO2tY>